



Algebraic Functions - Variable Substitution to Equation - Fractional Terms (Negatives)

1

$$6m - 2n$$

What does this equation become when
 $m=-6, r=-5, n=-8$

$$4r$$

A
$$\frac{6 \cdot (-6) - 2 \cdot (-8)}{4 \cdot (-5)}$$

B
$$6 - (-6) + 4 - (-5)$$

2

$$4x - 6m$$

What does this equation become when
 $x=3, n=-8, m=-6$

$$6n$$

A
$$\frac{4 \cdot 3 - 6 \cdot (-6)}{6 \cdot (-8)}$$

B
$$3^4 + (-8)^6$$

3

$$2c - 7y$$

What does this equation become when
 $c=3, d=-6, y=6$

$$6d$$

A
$$2^3 + 6^{(-6)}$$

B
$$\frac{2 \cdot 3 - 7 \cdot 6}{6 \cdot (-6)}$$

4

$$6z + 4c$$

What does this equation become when
 $z=4, x=-3, c=-6$

$$5x$$

A
$$\frac{6 + 4 + 4 + (-6)}{5 + (-3)}$$

B
$$\frac{6 \cdot 4 + 4 \cdot (-6)}{5 \cdot (-3)}$$

5

$$2x + 4z$$

What does this equation become when
 $x=-6, r=2, z=8$

$$2r$$

A
$$\frac{2^{(-6)} + 4^8}{2^2}$$

B
$$\frac{2 \cdot (-6) + 4 \cdot 8}{2 \cdot 2}$$

6

$$6x - 3n$$

What does this equation become when
 $x=7, y=6, n=-2$

$$4y$$

A
$$\frac{6 \cdot 7 - 3 \cdot (-2)}{4 \cdot 6}$$

B
$$\frac{6 - 7 - 3 - (-2)}{4 - 6}$$

7

$$4p - 3r$$

What does this equation become when
 $p=-7, m=-2, r=4$

$$5m$$

A
$$4 - (-7) + 5 - (-2)$$

B
$$\frac{4 \cdot (-7) - 3 \cdot 4}{5 \cdot (-2)}$$

8

$$6b + 5z$$

What does this equation become when
 $b=5, p=-3, z=-6$

$$5p$$

A
$$\frac{6 \cdot 5 + 5 \cdot (-6)}{5 \cdot (-3)}$$

B
$$6^5 + 5^{(-3)}$$