



Exponential Function Solving - Decay (Discrete) - Scenario to Time

1

Solve for the time given this scenario?

A charitable endowment starts with \$800. Each monthly it disburses 2% of its remaining funds. After a certain number of months its funds have decreased to \$737.

$$A \quad 9 + t = \frac{\ln P \cdot P_0}{\ln(1-r)}$$

$$B \quad t = \frac{\ln \frac{P}{P_0}}{\ln(1-r)}$$

$$C \quad 0 + t = \frac{\ln \frac{P}{P_0}}{\ln(1+r)}$$

$$D \quad 7 + t = \frac{\ln \frac{P}{P_0}}{\ln(1+r)}$$

2

Solve for the time given this scenario?

A toxin starts at a concentration of 600mg/L. Each monthly dialysis reduces it by 2%. After a certain number of months it has decreased to a concentration of 510mg/L.

$$A \quad 0 + t = \frac{\ln C \cdot C_0}{\ln(1-r)}$$

$$B \quad t = \frac{\ln \frac{C}{C_0}}{\ln(1-r)}$$

$$C \quad 0 + t = \frac{\ln \frac{C}{C_0}}{\ln(1+r)}$$

$$D \quad 6 + t = \frac{\ln \frac{C}{C_0}}{\ln(1+r)}$$

3

Solve for the time given this scenario?

A bird population starts at 200. Each subsequent year it declines by 5%. After a certain number of years it has decreased to a population of 139.

$$A \quad 5 + t = \frac{\ln \frac{P}{P_0}}{\ln(1+r)}$$

$$B \quad 2 + t = \frac{\ln P \cdot P_0}{\ln(1-r)}$$

$$C \quad t = \frac{\ln \frac{P}{P_0}}{\ln(1-r)}$$

4

Solve for the time given this scenario?

A charitable endowment starts with \$500. Each daily it disburses 8% of its remaining funds. After a certain number of days its funds have decreased to \$389.

$$A \quad 9 + t = \frac{\ln P \cdot P_0}{\ln(1-r)}$$

$$B \quad t = \frac{\ln \frac{P}{P_0}}{\ln(1-r)}$$

$$C \quad 4 + t = \frac{\ln \frac{P}{P_0}}{\ln(1+r)}$$

$$D \quad 6 + t = \frac{\ln P \cdot P_0}{\ln(1-r)}$$

5

Solve for the time given this scenario?

A bird population starts at 300. Each subsequent year it declines by 7%. After a certain number of years it has decreased to a population of 167.

$$A \quad 6 + t = \frac{\ln P \cdot P_0}{\ln(1-r)}$$

$$B \quad t = \frac{\ln \frac{P}{P_0}}{\ln(1-r)}$$

$$C \quad 7 + t = \frac{\ln \frac{P}{P_0}}{\ln(1+r)}$$

$$D \quad 9 + t = \frac{\ln P \cdot P_0}{\ln(1-r)}$$

6

Solve for the time given this scenario?

A toxin starts at a concentration of 500mg/L. Each weekly dialysis reduces it by 7%. After a certain number of weeks it has decreased to a concentration of 432mg/L.

$$A \quad 4 + t = \frac{\ln \frac{C}{C_0}}{\ln(1+r)}$$

$$B \quad 6 + t = \frac{\ln C \cdot C_0}{\ln(1-r)}$$

$$C \quad 8 + t = \frac{\ln C \cdot C_0}{\ln(1-r)}$$

$$D \quad t = \frac{\ln \frac{C}{C_0}}{\ln(1-r)}$$

7

Solve for the time given this scenario?

A whale population starts at 600. Each subsequent year it declines by 3%. After a certain number of years it has decreased to a population of 484 whales.

$$A \quad t = \frac{\ln \frac{P}{P_0}}{\ln(1-r)}$$

$$B \quad 3 + t = \frac{\ln \frac{P}{P_0}}{\ln(1+r)}$$

$$C \quad 3 + t = \frac{\ln P \cdot P_0}{\ln(1-r)}$$

$$D \quad 0 + t = \frac{\ln \frac{P}{P_0}}{\ln(1+r)}$$

8

Solve for the time given this scenario?

A toxin starts at a concentration of 200mg/L. Each monthly dialysis reduces it by 8%. After a certain number of months it has decreased to a concentration of 111mg/L.

$$A \quad t = \frac{\ln \frac{C}{C_0}}{\ln(1-r)}$$

$$B \quad 6 + t = \frac{\ln C \cdot C_0}{\ln(1-r)}$$

$$C \quad 7 + t = \frac{\ln C \cdot C_0}{\ln(1-r)}$$

$$D \quad 1 + t = \frac{\ln \frac{C}{C_0}}{\ln(1+r)}$$