



Exponential Function Solving - Growth (Discrete) Equation to Value at Time

1 Solve for the final population given this model of a growth of an insect population that breeds once per year?

$$P = 500 \cdot (1 + 0.09)^{(6)}$$

A $2 + P = P_0 \cdot (1 - r)^{(t)}$

B $8 + P = \frac{P_0}{(1 + r)^{(t)}}$

C $P = P_0 \cdot (1 + r)^{(t)}$

D $7 + P = \frac{P_0}{(1 + r)^{(t)}}$

2 Solve for the final debt given this model of a growth in credit card debt with yearly interest?

$$D = 700 \cdot (1 + 0.04)^{(8)}$$

A $D = D_0 \cdot (1 + r)^{(t)}$

B $5 + D = \frac{D_0}{(1 + r)^{(t)}}$

C $2 + D = D_0 \cdot (1 - r)^{(t)}$

D $9 + D = \frac{D_0}{(1 + r)^{(t)}}$

3 Solve for the final population given this model of a growth of a rabbit population (yearly breeding cycle)?

$$P = 900 \cdot (1 + 0.03)^{(7)}$$

A $3 + P = P_0 \cdot (1 - r)^{(t)}$

B $3 + P = \frac{P_0}{(1 + r)^{(t)}}$

C $0 + P = P_0 \cdot (1 - r)^{(t)}$

D $P = P_0 \cdot (1 + r)^{(t)}$

4 Solve for the final cash given this model of a monthly compounding growth of money in a savings account?

$$P = 700 \cdot (1 + 0.02)^{(8)}$$

A $P = P_0 \cdot (1 + r)^{(t)}$

B $3 + P = P_0 \cdot (1 - r)^{(t)}$

C $8 + P = P_0 \cdot (1 - r)^{(t)}$

D $1 + P = \frac{P_0}{(1 + r)^{(t)}}$

5 Solve for the final cash given this model of a quarterly compounding growth of money in a savings account?

$$P = 600 \cdot (1 + 0.08)^{(4)}$$

A $9 + P = P_0 \cdot (1 - r)^{(t)}$

B $2 + P = P_0 \cdot (1 - r)^{(t)}$

C $P = P_0 \cdot (1 + r)^{(t)}$

D $1 + P = P_0 \cdot (1 - r)^{(t)}$

6 Solve for the final population given this model of a growth of an insect population that breeds once per year?

$$P = 900 \cdot (1 + 0.03)^{(2)}$$

A $5 + P = P_0 \cdot (1 - r)^{(t)}$

B $4 + P = P_0 \cdot (1 - r)^{(t)}$

C $P = P_0 \cdot (1 + r)^{(t)}$

D $8 + P = P_0 \cdot (1 - r)^{(t)}$

7 Solve for the final population given this model of a growth of a rabbit population (yearly breeding cycle)?

$$P = 900 \cdot (1 + 0.08)^{(7)}$$

A $7 + P = P_0 \cdot (1 - r)^{(t)}$

B $P = P_0 \cdot (1 + r)^{(t)}$

C $3 + P = \frac{P_0}{(1 + r)^{(t)}}$

D $5 + P = P_0 \cdot (1 - r)^{(t)}$

8 Solve for the final debt given this model of a growth in credit card debt with yearly interest?

$$D = 200 \cdot (1 + 0.06)^{(8)}$$

A $0 + D = D_0 \cdot (1 - r)^{(t)}$

B $4 + D = \frac{D_0}{(1 + r)^{(t)}}$

C $2 + D = D_0 \cdot (1 - r)^{(t)}$

D $D = D_0 \cdot (1 + r)^{(t)}$