



Exponents - Fractional Exponents with Square Integer Base - Exponent to

Radical

<p>1 Find the radical that is the same as this number raised to its exponent</p> $9^{(\frac{1}{2})}$	<p>A</p> 1	<p>B</p> $4\sqrt{9}$	<p>C</p> $2\sqrt{9}$	<p>2 Find the radical that is the same as this number raised to its exponent</p> $16^{(\frac{1}{2})}$	<p>A</p> $2\sqrt{16}$	<p>B</p> $4\sqrt{16}$	<p>C</p> $3\sqrt{16}$
	<p>D</p> $\sqrt{9}$	<p>E</p> $3\sqrt{9}$	<p>F</p> $\sqrt{4}$		<p>D</p> 1	<p>E</p> $\sqrt{16}$	<p>F</p> $\sqrt{2}$
<p>3 Find the radical that is the same as this number raised to its exponent</p> $25^{(\frac{1}{2})}$	<p>A</p> $\sqrt{2}$	<p>B</p> $3\sqrt{25}$	<p>C</p> $\sqrt{25^2}$	<p>4 Find the radical that is the same as this number raised to its exponent</p> $4^{(\frac{1}{2})}$	<p>A</p> 1	<p>B</p> $4\sqrt{4}$	<p>C</p> $3\sqrt{4}$
	<p>D</p> $\frac{1}{\sqrt{25}}$	<p>E</p> $\sqrt{25}$	<p>F</p> 1		<p>D</p> $\sqrt{4}$	<p>E</p> $2\sqrt{4}$	<p>F</p> $\sqrt{3}$
<p>5 Find the radical that is the same as this number raised to its exponent</p> $36^{(\frac{1}{2})}$	<p>A</p> $4\sqrt{36}$	<p>B</p> $\sqrt{36}$	<p>C</p> $5\sqrt{36}$				
	<p>D</p> $3\sqrt{36}$	<p>E</p> $2\sqrt{36}$	<p>F</p> 1				