



Logarithm Algebra (Power Property) - Isolate Exponent, One Binomial

(Coefficient 1) to Answer

- 1 Use the power rule to simplify this and solve for 'z' 2 Use the power rule to simplify this and solve for 'n'

$$3^{(z+4)} = 8^{(z)}$$

A $z = \frac{-4 \ln 3}{\ln 3 - \ln 8}$

B $z = \frac{\ln 8 - \ln 3}{4 \ln 3 - 2 \ln 8}$

C $z = \frac{-4 \ln 8}{\ln 8 - \ln 3}$

$$10^{(n+2)} = 2^{(n)}$$

A $n = \frac{-2 \ln 10}{\ln 10 - \ln 2}$

B $n = \frac{\ln 2 - \ln 10}{2 \ln 10 - 2 \ln 2}$

C $n = \frac{-2 \ln 2}{\ln 2 - \ln 10}$

- 3 Use the power rule to simplify this and solve for 'p' 4 Use the power rule to simplify this and solve for 't'

$$2^{(p+3)} = 7^{(p)}$$

A $p = \frac{-3 \ln 2}{\ln 2 - \ln 7}$

B $p = \frac{\ln 7 - \ln 2}{3 \ln 2 - 2 \ln 7}$

C $p = \frac{-3 \ln 7}{\ln 7 - \ln 2}$

$$10^{(t+8)} = 8^{(t)}$$

A $t = \frac{\ln 8 - \ln 10}{8 \ln 10 - 2 \ln 8}$

B $t = \frac{-8 \ln 8}{\ln 8 - \ln 10}$

C $t = \frac{-8 \ln 10}{\ln 10 - \ln 8}$

- 5 Use the power rule to simplify this and solve for 'r' 6 Use the power rule to simplify this and solve for 'w'

$$5^{(r+7)} = 8^{(r)}$$

A $r = \frac{-7 \ln 8}{\ln 8 - \ln 5}$

B $r = \frac{\ln 8 - \ln 5}{7 \ln 5 - 2 \ln 8}$

C $r = \frac{-7 \ln 5}{\ln 5 - \ln 8}$

$$8^{(w+8)} = 3^{(w)}$$

A $w = \frac{-8 \ln 3}{\ln 3 - \ln 8}$

B $w = \frac{-8 \ln 8}{\ln 8 - \ln 3}$

C $w = \frac{\ln 3 - \ln 8}{8 \ln 8 - 2 \ln 3}$

- 7 Use the power rule to simplify this and solve for 'y' 8 Use the power rule to simplify this and solve for 'r'

$$4^{(y+2)} = 8^{(y)}$$

A $y = \frac{-2 \ln 8}{\ln 8 - \ln 4}$

B $y = \frac{-2 \ln 4}{\ln 4 - \ln 8}$

C $y = \frac{\ln 8 - \ln 4}{2 \ln 4 - 2 \ln 8}$

$$2^{(r-1)} = 3^{(r)}$$

A $r = \frac{\ln 2}{\ln 2 - \ln 3}$

B $r = \frac{\ln 3 - \ln 2}{-1 \ln 2 - 2 \ln 3}$

C $r = \frac{\ln 3}{\ln 3 - \ln 2}$