

mobius

Logarithm Algebra (Quotient Property) -To Answer (Coefficient N)



$$\log_2(10r+1) - \log_2(r+10) = \log_2(1r) \log_2(7r-5) - \log_2(-1r+11) = \log_2(1r)$$

Use the quotient rule to simplify this to a quadratic and solve Use the quotient rule to simplify this to a quadratic and solve

$$\stackrel{\scriptscriptstyle{\mathsf{n}}}{r}=3\stackrel{\scriptscriptstyle{\mathsf{n}}}{r}=1\stackrel{\scriptscriptstyle{\mathsf{n}}}{r}=-8\stackrel{\scriptscriptstyle{\mathsf{n}}}{r}=5\stackrel{\scriptscriptstyle{\mathsf{n}}}{r}=12\stackrel{\scriptscriptstyle{\mathsf{n}}}{r}=9$$

$$\log_8(9t+9) - \log_8(t+5) = \log_8(3t) \left| \log_4(-11z+2) - \log_4(-2z+11) = \log_4(-1z) \right|$$

Use the quotient rule to simplify this to a quadratic and solve Use the quotient rule to simplify this to a quadratic and solve

$$\ddot{t}=1$$
 $\ddot{t}=5$ $\ddot{t}=9$ $\ddot{z}=$ 10 $\ddot{z}=6$ $\ddot{z}=$ -1

$$\log_2(7q-4)-\log_2(-1q+7)=\log_2(1q)\log_9(-1q+6)-\log_9(q-2)=\log_9(1q)$$

Use the quotient rule to simplify this to a quadratic and solve Use the quotient rule to simplify this to a quadratic and solve

$$|q| = 8 |q| = -3 |q| = 2 |q| = 6 |q| = -3 |q| = 3$$

$$| \log_2(-1r+8) - \log_2(-4r+5) = \log_2(-1r) | \log_7(-4m+8) - \log_7(8m-4) = \log_7(1m) | \log_2(-1r+8) - \log_2(-4r+5) = \log_2(-1r) | \log_2(-4m+8) - \log_2(8m-4) = \log_2(1m) | \log_2(-4m+8) - \log_2(8m-4) = \log_2(1m) | \log_2(8m-4) = \log_2(8m) | \log_2(8m-4) = \log_2(8m) | \log_2(8m-4) = \log_2(8m) | \log_2(8m) = \log_2(8m) | \log_2(8$$

Use the quotient rule to simplify this to a quadratic and solve Use the quotient rule to simplify this to a quadratic and solve

$$|r| = 3 |r| = -1 |r| = 4 |m| = 8 |m| = 1 |m| = 7$$