



## Logarithm Algebra (Quotient Property) - To Quadratic (Coefficient N)

$${}^1\log_8(7n - 4) - \log_8(-2n + 5) = \log_8(1n)$$

Use the quotient rule to simplify this to a quadratic of variable 'n'

A

$$2n^2 + 3n - 7 = 0$$

B

$$2n^2 + 2n - 4 = 0$$

C

$$2n^2 + 4n + 1 = 0$$

$${}^2\log_9(-10m + 5) - \log_9(m + 4) = \log_9(-5m)$$

Use the quotient rule to simplify this to a quadratic of variable 'm'

A

$$4m^2 + 9m + 3 = 0$$

B

$$5m^2 + 10m + 5 = 0$$

C

$$6m^2 + 10m + 6 = 0$$

$${}^3\log_8(4y + 8) - \log_8(-1y + 7) = \log_8(2y)$$

Use the quotient rule to simplify this to a quadratic of variable 'y'

A

$$2y^2 - 10y + 8 = 0$$

B

$$3y^2 - 8y + 12 = 0$$

C

$$3y^2 - 10y + 9 = 0$$

$${}^4\log_6(9r + 6) - \log_6(6r + 9) = \log_6(1r)$$

Use the quotient rule to simplify this to a quadratic of variable 'r'

A

$$-6r^2 - 1r + 5 = 0$$

B

$$-6r^2 + 0r + 6 = 0$$

C

$$-6r^2 - 2r + 6 = 0$$

$${}^5\log_3(-11y - 1) - \log_3(-1y + 9) = \log_3(-1y)$$

Use the quotient rule to simplify this to a quadratic of variable 'y'

A

$$-1y^2 - 2y - 1 = 0$$

B

$$-2y^2 - 2y + 1 = 0$$

C

$$y^2 - 3y + 2 = 0$$

$${}^6\log_7(-5y - 6) - \log_7(y + 10) = \log_7(-1y)$$

Use the quotient rule to simplify this to a quadratic of variable 'y'

A

$$y^2 + 7y - 6 = 0$$

B

$$y^2 + 5y - 6 = 0$$

C

$$y^2 + 3y - 9 = 0$$

$${}^7\log_2(-10z + 8) - \log_2(-4z + 6) = \log_2(-1z)$$

Use the quotient rule to simplify this to a quadratic of variable 'z'

A

$$-3z^2 - 3z + 12 = 0$$

B

$$-4z^2 - 6z + 8 = 0$$

C

$$-4z^2 - 4z + 8 = 0$$

$${}^8\log_9(-5n + 6) - \log_9(-1n + 2) = \log_9(1n)$$

Use the quotient rule to simplify this to a quadratic of variable 'n'

A

$$2n^2 - 8n + 9 = 0$$

B

$$n^2 - 5n + 3 = 0$$

C

$$n^2 - 7n + 6 = 0$$