



## Polynomials - Complete the Square (to Polynomial)

1

Which constant value makes this polynomial a perfect square?

$$t^2 - 18t + ?$$

$$\overset{A}{t^2} - 18t + 81$$

$$\overset{B}{t^2} - 18t + 79$$

2

Which constant value makes this polynomial a perfect square?

$$x^2 - 8x + ?$$

$$\overset{A}{x^2} - 8x + 16$$

$$\overset{B}{x^2} - 8x + 18$$

3

Which constant value makes this polynomial a perfect square?

$$y^2 + 16y + ?$$

$$\overset{A}{y^2} + 16y + 63$$

$$\overset{B}{y^2} + 16y + 64$$

4

Which constant value makes this polynomial a perfect square?

$$r^2 + 2r + ?$$

$$\overset{A}{r^2} + 2r + 0$$

$$\overset{B}{r^2} + 2r + 1$$

5

Which constant value makes this polynomial a perfect square?

$$n^2 + 2n + ?$$

$$\overset{A}{n^2} + 2n + 3$$

$$\overset{B}{n^2} + 2n + 1$$

6

Which constant value makes this polynomial a perfect square?

$$t^2 - 12t + ?$$

$$\overset{A}{t^2} - 12t - 36$$

$$\overset{B}{t^2} - 12t + 36$$

7

Which constant value makes this polynomial a perfect square?

$$z^2 + 18z + ?$$

$$\overset{A}{z^2} + 18z + 81$$

$$\overset{B}{z^2} + 18z + 80$$

8

Which constant value makes this polynomial a perfect square?

$$m^2 - 16m + ?$$

$$\overset{A}{m^2} - 16m + 62$$

$$\overset{B}{m^2} - 16m + 64$$