



Polynomial Inequalities - Three Factors - Intervals

1 On which set of open intervals does this polynomial keep a constant sign? $(x + 3)x(x - 2)$

A $(-\infty, -4) \cup (-4, -3) \cup (-3, 0) \cup (0, 2) \cup (2, \infty)$ B $(-\infty, -3) \cup (-3, -1) \cup (-1, 0) \cup (0, 2) \cup (2, \infty)$

C $(-\infty, -3) \cup (-3, 0) \cup (0, 2) \cup (2, \infty)$ D $(-\infty, -3) \cup (-3, -2) \cup (-2, 0) \cup (0, 2) \cup (2, \infty)$

2 On which set of open intervals does this polynomial keep a constant sign?

$$(x + 3)(x - 1)(x - 3)$$

A $(-\infty, -4) \cup (-4, -3) \cup (-3, 1) \cup (1, 3) \cup (3, \infty)$ B $(-\infty, -3) \cup (-3, -1) \cup (-1, 1) \cup (1, 3) \cup (3, \infty)$

C $(-\infty, -3) \cup (-3, -2) \cup (-2, 1) \cup (1, 3) \cup (3, \infty)$ D $(-\infty, -3) \cup (-3, 1) \cup (1, 3) \cup (3, \infty)$

3 On which set of open intervals does this polynomial keep a constant sign? $(x + 4)x(x - 3)$

A $(-\infty, -4) \cup (-4, -1) \cup (-1, 0) \cup (0, 3) \cup (3, \infty)$ B $(-\infty, -4) \cup (-4, -3) \cup (-3, 0) \cup (0, 3) \cup (3, \infty)$

C $(-\infty, -4) \cup (-4, 0) \cup (0, 3) \cup (3, \infty)$ D $(-\infty, -4) \cup (-4, -2) \cup (-2, 0) \cup (0, 3) \cup (3, \infty)$

4 On which set of open intervals does this polynomial keep a constant sign?

$$(x + 4)(x + 3)(x - 3)$$

A $(-\infty, -4) \cup (-4, -3) \cup (-3, 3) \cup (3, \infty)$ B $(-\infty, -4) \cup (-4, -3) \cup (-3, -2) \cup (-2, 3) \cup (3, \infty)$

C $(-\infty, -4) \cup (-4, -3) \cup (-3, 0) \cup (0, 3) \cup (3, \infty)$ D $(-\infty, -4) \cup (-4, -3) \cup (-3, -1) \cup (-1, 3) \cup (3, \infty)$

5 On which set of open intervals does this polynomial keep a constant sign?

$$(x + 4)(x + 1)(x - 1)$$

A $(-\infty, -4) \cup (-4, -1) \cup (-1, 0) \cup (0, 1) \cup (1, \infty)$ B $(-\infty, -4) \cup (-4, -3) \cup (-3, -1) \cup (-1, 1) \cup (1, \infty)$

C $(-\infty, -4) \cup (-4, -1) \cup (-1, 1) \cup (1, \infty)$ D $(-\infty, -4) \cup (-4, -2) \cup (-2, -1) \cup (-1, 1) \cup (1, \infty)$

6 On which set of open intervals does this polynomial keep a constant sign?

$$(x + 3)(x + 2)(x - 3)$$

A $(-\infty, -3) \cup (-3, -2) \cup (-2, -1) \cup (-1, 3) \cup (3, \infty)$ B $(-\infty, -3) \cup (-3, -2) \cup (-2, 3) \cup (3, \infty)$

C $(-\infty, -4) \cup (-4, -3) \cup (-3, -2) \cup (-2, 3) \cup (3, \infty)$ D $(-\infty, -3) \cup (-3, -2) \cup (-2, 0) \cup (0, 3) \cup (3, \infty)$

7 On which set of open intervals does this polynomial keep a constant sign?

$$(x + 2)(x - 2)(x - 4)$$

A $(-\infty, -4) \cup (-4, -2) \cup (-2, 2) \cup (2, 4) \cup (4, \infty)$ B $(-\infty, -2) \cup (-2, 2) \cup (2, 4) \cup (4, \infty)$

C $(-\infty, -2) \cup (-2, -1) \cup (-1, 2) \cup (2, 4) \cup (4, \infty)$ D $(-\infty, -3) \cup (-3, -2) \cup (-2, 2) \cup (2, 4) \cup (4, \infty)$

8 On which set of open intervals does this polynomial keep a constant sign? $x(x - 3)(x - 4)$

A $(-\infty, -2) \cup (-2, 0) \cup (0, 3) \cup (3, 4) \cup (4, \infty)$ B $(-\infty, -3) \cup (-3, 0) \cup (0, 3) \cup (3, 4) \cup (4, \infty)$

C $(-\infty, 0) \cup (0, 3) \cup (3, 4) \cup (4, \infty)$ D $(-\infty, -4) \cup (-4, 0) \cup (0, 3) \cup (3, 4) \cup (4, \infty)$