



## Pythagorean Equation from Values - Length of Side (Radical)

**1** Find the radical (square root) for the value of 'c' in this equation

$$25 + 16 = c^2$$

A	B	C
$c = \sqrt{9}$	$c = \sqrt{73}$	$c = \sqrt{41}$

**2** Find the radical (square root) for the value of 'b' in this equation

$$4 + b^2 = 16$$

A	B	C	D	E
$b = \sqrt{12}$	$b = \sqrt{28}$	$b = \sqrt{44}$	$b = \sqrt{36}$	$b = \sqrt{52}$

**3** Find the radical (square root) for the value of 'c' in this equation

$$16 + 16 = c^2$$

A	B	C
$c = \sqrt{0}$	$c = \sqrt{32}$	$c = \sqrt{64}$

**4** Find the radical (square root) for the value of 'c' in this equation

$$9 + 16 = c^2$$

A	$c = \sqrt{-7}$	B	$c = \sqrt{25}$
C	$c = \sqrt{7}$		

**5** Find the radical (square root) for the value of 'c' in this equation

$$4 + 36 = c^2$$

A	$c = \sqrt{76}$	B	$c = \sqrt{32}$
C	$c = \sqrt{40}$	D	$c = \sqrt{112}$

**6** Find the radical (square root) for the value of 'c' in this equation

$$4 + 4 = c^2$$

A	B
$c = \sqrt{8}$	$c = \sqrt{0}$

**7** Find the radical (square root) for the value of 'a' in this equation

$$a^2 + 4 = 49$$

A	$a = \sqrt{143}$	B	$a = \sqrt{102}$
C	$a = \sqrt{94}$	D	$a = \sqrt{45}$

**8** Find the radical (square root) for the value of 'c' in this equation

$$4 + 25 = c^2$$

A	B	C
$c = \sqrt{21}$	$c = \sqrt{29}$	$c = \sqrt{54}$