



Pythagorean Equation from Values - Either Missing Length (Radical)

1 Find the radical (square root) for the value of 'a' in this equation

$$a^2 + 16 = 49$$

A $a = \sqrt{163}$

B $a = \sqrt{114}$

C $a = \sqrt{131}$

D $a = \sqrt{33}$

2 Find the radical (square root) for the value of 'a' in this equation

$$a^2 + 4 = 64$$

A $a = \sqrt{60}$

B $a = \sqrt{124}$

C $a = \sqrt{68}$

D $a = \sqrt{188}$

3 Find the radical (square root) for the value of 'b' in this equation

$$25 + b^2 = 36$$

A $b = \sqrt{83}$ B $b = \sqrt{47}$ C $b = \sqrt{97}$ D $b = \sqrt{11}$ E $b = \sqrt{61}$

4 Find the radical (square root) for the value of 'b' in this equation

$$4 + b^2 = 36$$

A $b = \sqrt{76}$

B $b = \sqrt{104}$

C $b = \sqrt{32}$

D $b = \sqrt{68}$

5 Find the radical (square root) for the value of 'b' in this equation

$$25 + b^2 = 49$$

A $b = \sqrt{172}$

B $b = \sqrt{24}$

C $b = \sqrt{73}$

6 Find the radical (square root) for the value of 'a' in this equation

$$a^2 + 9 = 49$$

A $a = \sqrt{107}$

B $a = \sqrt{89}$

C $a = \sqrt{40}$

D $a = \sqrt{138}$

E $a = \sqrt{58}$

7 Find the radical (square root) for the value of 'b' in this equation

$$16 + b^2 = 25$$

A $b = \sqrt{9}$ B $b = \sqrt{59}$ C $b = \sqrt{34}$ D $b = \sqrt{66}$

8 Find the radical (square root) for the value of 'b' in this equation

$$4 + b^2 = 16$$

A $b = \sqrt{12}$ B $b = \sqrt{28}$ C $b = \sqrt{36}$ D $b = \sqrt{44}$