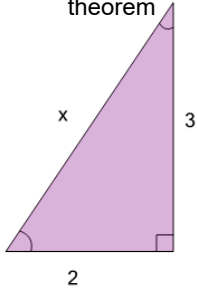


Pythagorean Theorem - Length of Hypotenuse (Decimal)

1

Find the length of the missing side as a decimal value based on the Pythagorean theorem



A

$x=3.61$

B

$x=2.24$

C

$x=1$

D

$x=1.09$

E

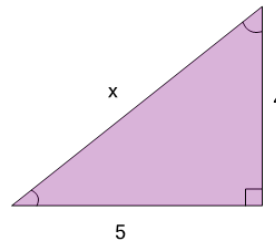
$x=5.29$

F

$x=2.77$

2

Find the length of the missing side as a decimal value based on the Pythagorean theorem



A

$x=7.24$

B

$x=5.56$

C

$x=6.4$

D

$x=9.76$

E

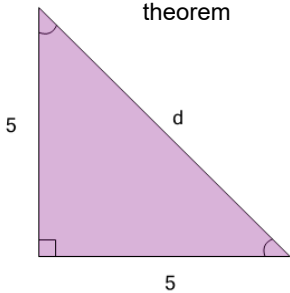
$x=20$

F

$x=3$

3

Find the length of the missing side as a decimal value based on the Pythagorean theorem



A

$d=6.23$

B

$d=3.71$

C

$d=10$

D

$d=9.59$

E

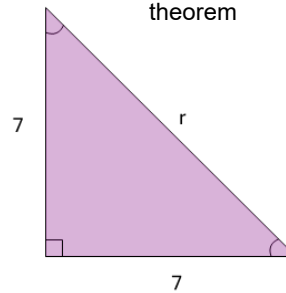
$d=7.07$

F

$d=4.55$

4

Find the length of the missing side as a decimal value based on the Pythagorean theorem



A

$r=9.9$

B

$r=8.22$

C

$r=7.38$

D

$r=11.58$

E

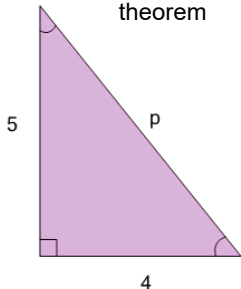
$r=1$

F

$r=5.7$

5

Find the length of the missing side as a decimal value based on the Pythagorean theorem



A

$p=6.4$

B

$p=3.04$

C

$p=8.92$

D

$p=9$

E

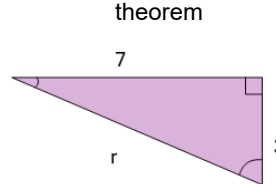
$p=9.76$

F

$p=2.2$

6

Find the length of the missing side as a decimal value based on the Pythagorean theorem



A

$r=8.46$

B

$r=10.14$

C

$r=7.62$

D

$r=9.3$

E

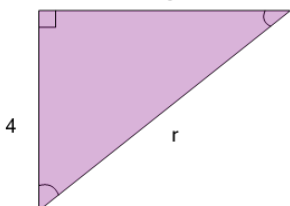
$r=5.1$

F

$r=6.32$

7

Find the length of the missing side as a decimal value based on the Pythagorean theorem



A

$r=3.88$

B

$r=4.72$

C

$r=6.4$

D

$r=20$

E

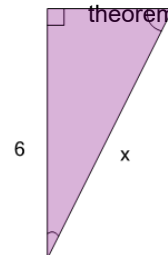
$r=3$

F

$r=2.2$

8

Find the length of the missing side as a decimal value based on the Pythagorean theorem



A

$x=18$

B

$x=4.19$

C

$x=5.87$

D

$x=8.39$

E

$x=9.23$

F

$x=6.71$