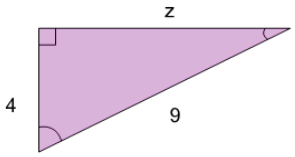
Name

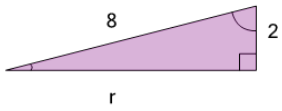
Pythagorean Theorem - Length of Side (Decimal)

1 Find the length of the missing side as a decimal value based on the Pythagorean theorem



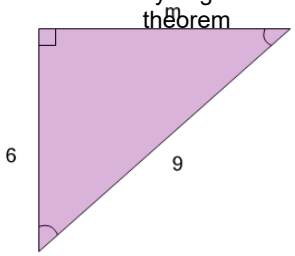
A z=10.48	B z=8.06
C z=12.06	D z=11.29
E z=13	F z=8.77

2 Find the length of the missing side as a decimal value based on the Pythagorean theorem



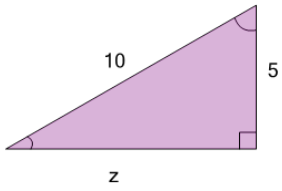
A r=6.2	B r=7.75
C r=2.75	D r=10.84
E r=5.75	F r=10.75

3 Find the length of the missing side as a decimal value based on the Pythagorean theorem



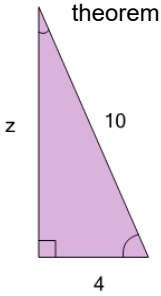
A m=8.05	B m=8.66
C m=6.71	D m=2.71
E m=6.04	F m=15

4 Find the length of the missing side as a decimal value based on the Pythagorean theorem



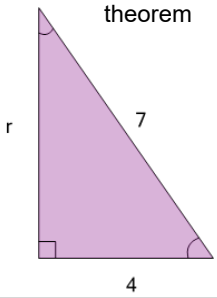
A z=9.53	B z=6.93
C z=50	D z=9.75
E z=3.66	F z=8.66

5 Find the length of the missing side as a decimal value based on the Pythagorean theorem



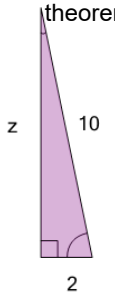
A z=8.25	B z=10.08
C z=5.5	D z=14
E z=4.17	F z=9.17

6 Find the length of the missing side as a decimal value based on the Pythagorean theorem



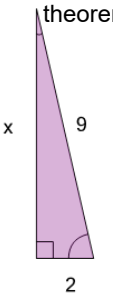
A r=11	B r=5.74
C r=7.47	D r=8.74
E r=28	F r=5.17

7 Find the length of the missing side as a decimal value based on the Pythagorean theorem



A z=13.72	B z=12
C z=10.78	D z=9.8
E z=10.8	F z=5.8

8 Find the length of the missing side as a decimal value based on the Pythagorean theorem



A x=11.77	B x=9.65
C x=8.77	D x=6.14
E x=11	F x=9.77