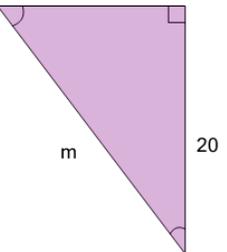
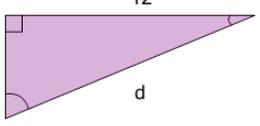
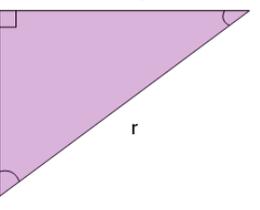
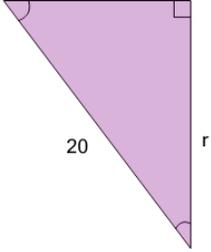
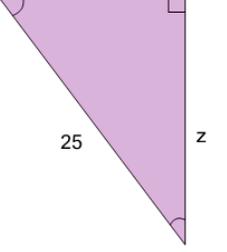
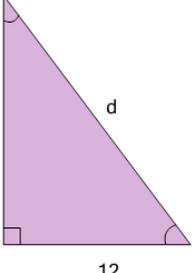
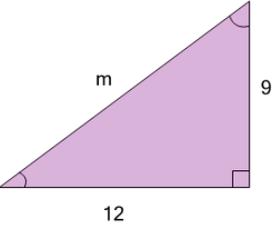
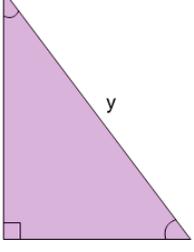


Pythagorean Triples - Either Missing Length

<p>1 Find the length of the missing side as a decimal value based on the Pythagorean theorem</p> 	<p>A m=35</p>	<p>B m=25</p>	<p>C m=23</p>	<p>2 Find the length of the missing side as a decimal value based on the Pythagorean theorem</p> 	<p>A d=13</p>	<p>B d=11</p>	<p>C d=15</p>													
<p>3 Find the length of the missing side as a decimal value based on the Pythagorean theorem</p> 	<p>A r=23</p>	<p>B r=18</p>	<p>C r=17</p>	<p>4 Find the length of the missing side as a decimal value based on the Pythagorean theorem</p> 	<p>A r=15</p>	<p>B r=10</p>	<p>C r=16</p>													
<p>5 Find the length of the missing side as a decimal value based on the Pythagorean theorem</p> 	<p>A z=19</p>	<p>B z=14</p>	<p>C z=375</p>	<p>6 Find the length of the missing side as a decimal value based on the Pythagorean theorem</p> 	<p>A d=28</p>	<p>B d=17</p>	<p>C d=192</p>													
<p>7 Find the length of the missing side as a decimal value based on the Pythagorean theorem</p> 	<p>A m=15</p>	<p>B m=18</p>	<p>C m=108</p>	<p>8 Find the length of the missing side as a decimal value based on the Pythagorean theorem</p> 	<p>A y=17</p>	<p>B y=18</p>	<p>C y=12</p>													
<p>D m=22</p>	<p>E m=24</p>	<p>F m=300</p>	<p>D r=11</p>	<p>E r=20</p>	<p>F r=28</p>	<p>D z=17</p>	<p>E z=26</p>	<p>F z=20</p>	<p>D d=9</p>	<p>E d=14</p>	<p>F d=10</p>	<p>D r=20</p>	<p>E r=32</p>	<p>F r=240</p>	<p>D d=20</p>	<p>E d=23</p>	<p>F d=11</p>	<p>D y=13</p>	<p>E y=15</p>	<p>F y=108</p>