



Sums - Series of Integers 1 to N - Equation to Addition

1 What addition does this equation give you a quicker way to calculate? $\frac{15(15 + 1)}{2}$	A $2 + 3 + \dots + 14 + 15$ B $1 + 2 + \dots + 14 + 15$ C $1 + 2 + \dots + 15 + 16$ D $0 + 1 + \dots + 14 + 15$ E $1 + 2 + \dots + 13 + 14$	2 What addition does this equation give you a quicker way to calculate? $\frac{22(22 + 1)}{2}$	A $1 + 2 + \dots + 20 + 21$ B $2 + 3 + \dots + 21 + 22$ C $0 + 1 + \dots + 21 + 22$ D $1 + 2 + \dots + 21 + 22$ E $1 + 2 + \dots + 22 + 23$
3 What addition does this equation give you a quicker way to calculate? $\frac{9(9 + 1)}{2}$	A $2 + 3 + \dots + 8 + 9$ B $0 + 1 + \dots + 8 + 9$ C $1 + 2 + \dots + 7 + 8$ D $1 + 2 + \dots + 9 + 10$ E $1 + 2 + \dots + 8 + 9$	4 What addition does this equation give you a quicker way to calculate? $\frac{8(8 + 1)}{2}$	A $2 + 3 + \dots + 7 + 8$ B $1 + 2 + \dots + 7 + 8$ C $1 + 2 + \dots + 6 + 7$ D $0 + 1 + \dots + 7 + 8$ E $1 + 2 + \dots + 8 + 9$
5 What addition does this equation give you a quicker way to calculate? $\frac{12(12 + 1)}{2}$	A $1 + 2 + \dots + 12 + 13$ B $0 + 1 + \dots + 11 + 12$ C $1 + 2 + \dots + 11 + 12$ D $2 + 3 + \dots + 11 + 12$ E $1 + 2 + \dots + 10 + 11$	6 What addition does this equation give you a quicker way to calculate? $\frac{20(20 + 1)}{2}$	A $2 + 3 + \dots + 19 + 20$ B $1 + 2 + \dots + 20 + 21$ C $1 + 2 + \dots + 19 + 20$ D $0 + 1 + \dots + 19 + 20$ E $1 + 2 + \dots + 18 + 19$
7 What addition does this equation give you a quicker way to calculate? $\frac{16(16 + 1)}{2}$	A $0 + 1 + \dots + 15 + 16$ B $2 + 3 + \dots + 15 + 16$ C $1 + 2 + \dots + 15 + 16$ D $1 + 2 + \dots + 14 + 15$ E $1 + 2 + \dots + 16 + 17$	8 What addition does this equation give you a quicker way to calculate? $\frac{17(17 + 1)}{2}$	A $1 + 2 + \dots + 17 + 18$ B $1 + 2 + \dots + 16 + 17$ C $1 + 2 + \dots + 15 + 16$ D $0 + 1 + \dots + 16 + 17$ E $2 + 3 + \dots + 16 + 17$