



## Trigonometry Identities - Pythagorean Problem Tan to Sec (with Identity, Quadrant as Degrees)

1

Using:

$$\tan^2(\alpha) = \sec^2(\alpha) - 1$$

$$0^\circ < \alpha < 90^\circ$$

Solve for secant from tangent using trig identities

Solve:

$$\tan(\alpha) = 14$$

$$\sec(\alpha) = ?$$

A	B
$\sec(\alpha) = \sqrt{203}$	$\sec(\alpha) = \sqrt{197}$

Using:

$$\tan^2(\alpha) = \sec^2(\alpha) - 1$$

$$180^\circ < \alpha < 270^\circ$$

Solve for secant from tangent using trig identities

Solve:

$$\tan(\alpha) = 13$$

$$\sec(\alpha) = ?$$

A	B
$\sec(\alpha) = -\sqrt{170}$	$\sec(\alpha) = -\sqrt{130}$

3

Using:

$$\tan^2(\gamma) = \sec^2(\gamma) - 1$$

$$0^\circ < \gamma < 90^\circ$$

Solve for secant from tangent using trig identities

Solve:

$$\tan(\gamma) = 13$$

$$\sec(\gamma) = ?$$

A	B
$\sec(\gamma) = \sqrt{145}$	$\sec(\gamma) = \sqrt{170}$

4

Using:

$$\tan^2(\theta) = \sec^2(\theta) - 1$$

$$180^\circ < \theta < 270^\circ$$

Solve for secant from tangent using trig identities

Solve:

$$\tan(\theta) = 14$$

$$\sec(\theta) = ?$$

A	B
$\sec(\theta) = -\frac{\sqrt{197}}{\sqrt{3}}$	$\sec(\theta) = -\sqrt{197}$

5

Using:

$$\tan^2(\theta) = \sec^2(\theta) - 1$$

$$180^\circ < \theta < 270^\circ$$

Solve for secant from tangent using trig identities

Solve:

$$\tan(\theta) = 10$$

$$\sec(\theta) = ?$$

A	B
$\sec(\theta) = -\sqrt{71}$	$\sec(\theta) = -\sqrt{101}$

6

Using:

$$\tan^2(\beta) = \sec^2(\beta) - 1$$

$$0^\circ < \beta < 90^\circ$$

Solve for secant from tangent using trig identities

Solve:

$$\tan(\beta) = 15$$

$$\sec(\beta) = ?$$

A	B
$\sec(\beta) = \sqrt{226}$	$\sec(\beta) = -\sqrt{226}$

7

Using:

$$\tan^2(\beta) = \sec^2(\beta) - 1$$

$$270^\circ < \beta < 360^\circ$$

Solve for secant from tangent using trig identities

Solve:

$$\tan(\beta) = -19$$

$$\sec(\beta) = ?$$

A	B
$\sec(\beta) = \frac{\sqrt{362}}{\sqrt{5}}$	$\sec(\beta) = \sqrt{362}$

8

Using:

$$\tan^2(\beta) = \sec^2(\beta) - 1$$

$$90^\circ < \beta < 180^\circ$$

Solve for secant from tangent using trig identities

Solve:

$$\tan(\beta) = -4$$

$$\sec(\beta) = ?$$

A	B
$\sec(\beta) = \sqrt{17}$	$\sec(\beta) = -\sqrt{17}$